

Treatment Naïve (unfavorable baseline treatment characteristics)

# Sofosbuvir + Ribavirin in HCV Genotype 1 NIH SPARE

Osinusi A, et al. JAMA. 2013;310:804-11.

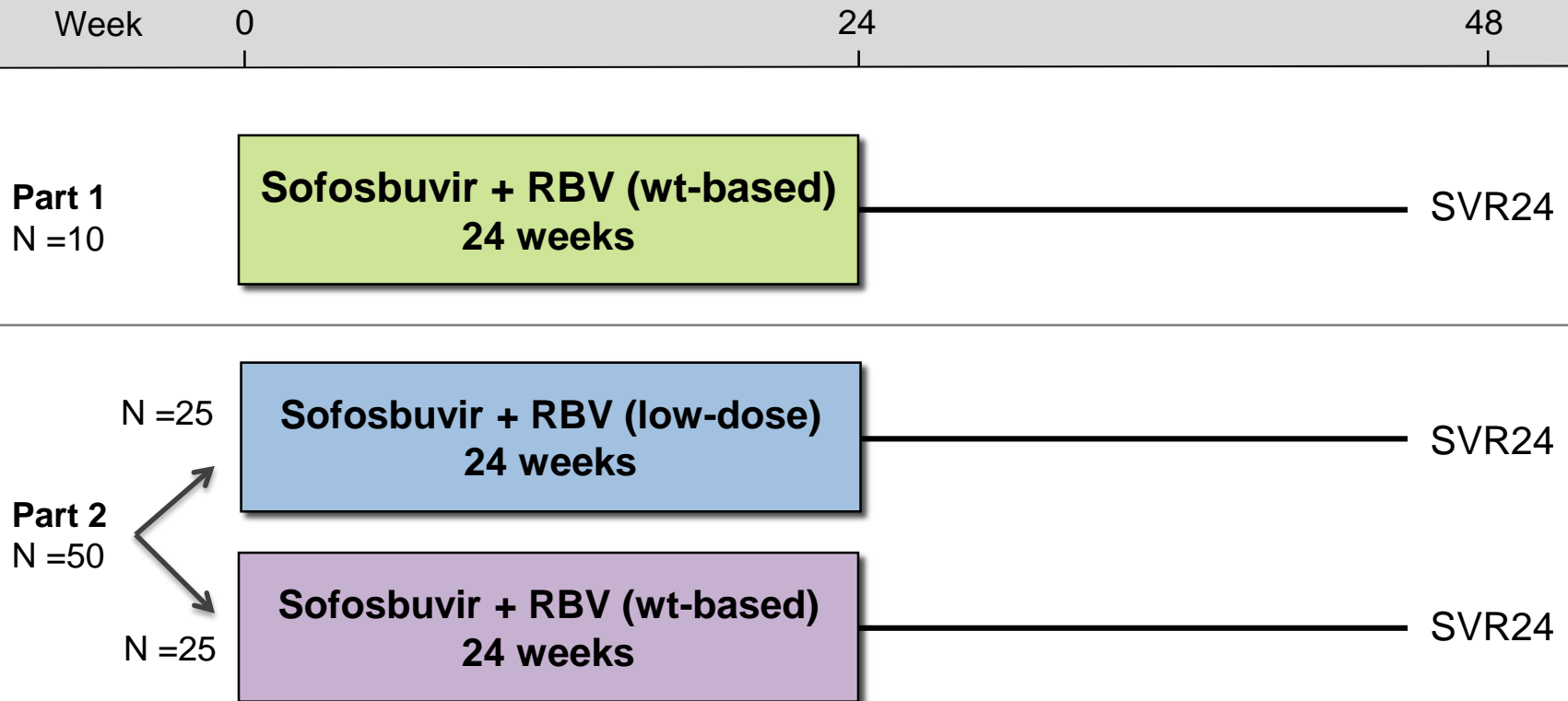
# Sofosbuvir and Ribavirin for Treatment-Naïve HCV GT 1

## NIH SPARE Trial: Features

### NIAID/NIH Trial: Features

- **Design**
  - Randomized, open-label, 2-part, phase 2 study of sofosbuvir and ribavirin
  - Part 1: “proof of concept”
  - Part 2: low dose versus weight-based dose of ribavirin in GT-1
- **Setting:** Single center: NIAID
- **Entry Criteria:** HCV genotype 1; treatment-naïve
- **Patient Characteristics**
  - N = 60 HCV-monoinfected patients
  - HCV Genotype: 1A (70%), 1B (30%)
  - IL28B Genotype: 81% non-CC
  - Age and Sex: median 54 (range 48-57); 62% male
  - Race: 83% black; 13% white
  - Liver disease: 23% had advanced fibrosis (F3-F4 by Knodell-HAI scoring)
- **Primary end-points:** Efficacy (SVR24) and safety

# Sofosbuvir and Ribavirin for Treatment-Naïve HCV GT 1 NIH SPARE Trial: Design



## Drug Dosing

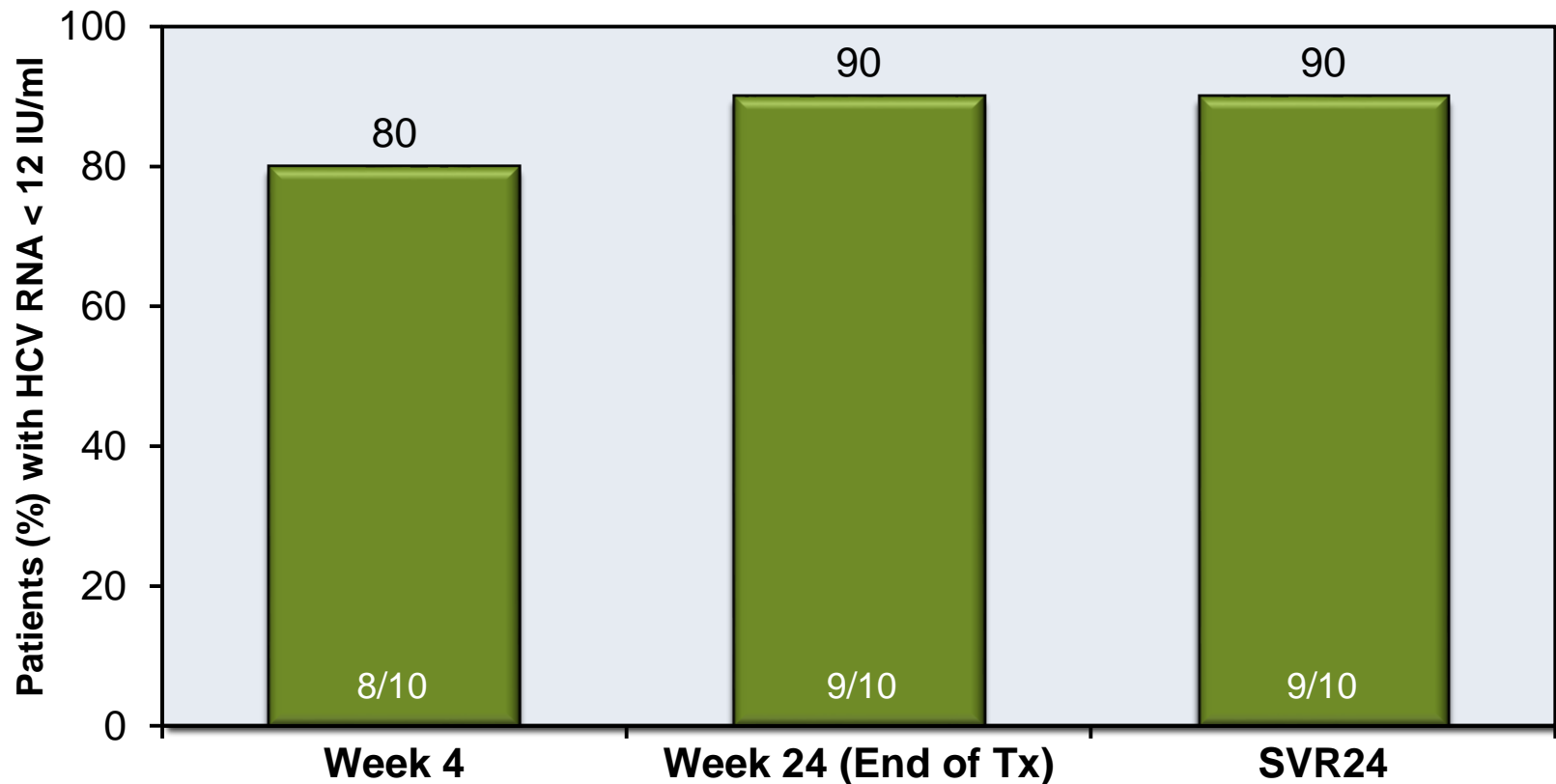
Sofosbuvir: 400 mg once daily

Low-dose Ribavirin (divided bid): 800 mg/day

Weight-based Ribavirin (divided bid): 1000 mg/day if < 75 kg or 1200 mg/day if ≥ 75 kg

# Sofosbuvir and Ribavirin for Treatment-Naïve HCV GT 1 NIH SPARE Trial: Part 1 Results

## NIH SPARE Part 1: HCV <12 IU/ml by Study Timepoint

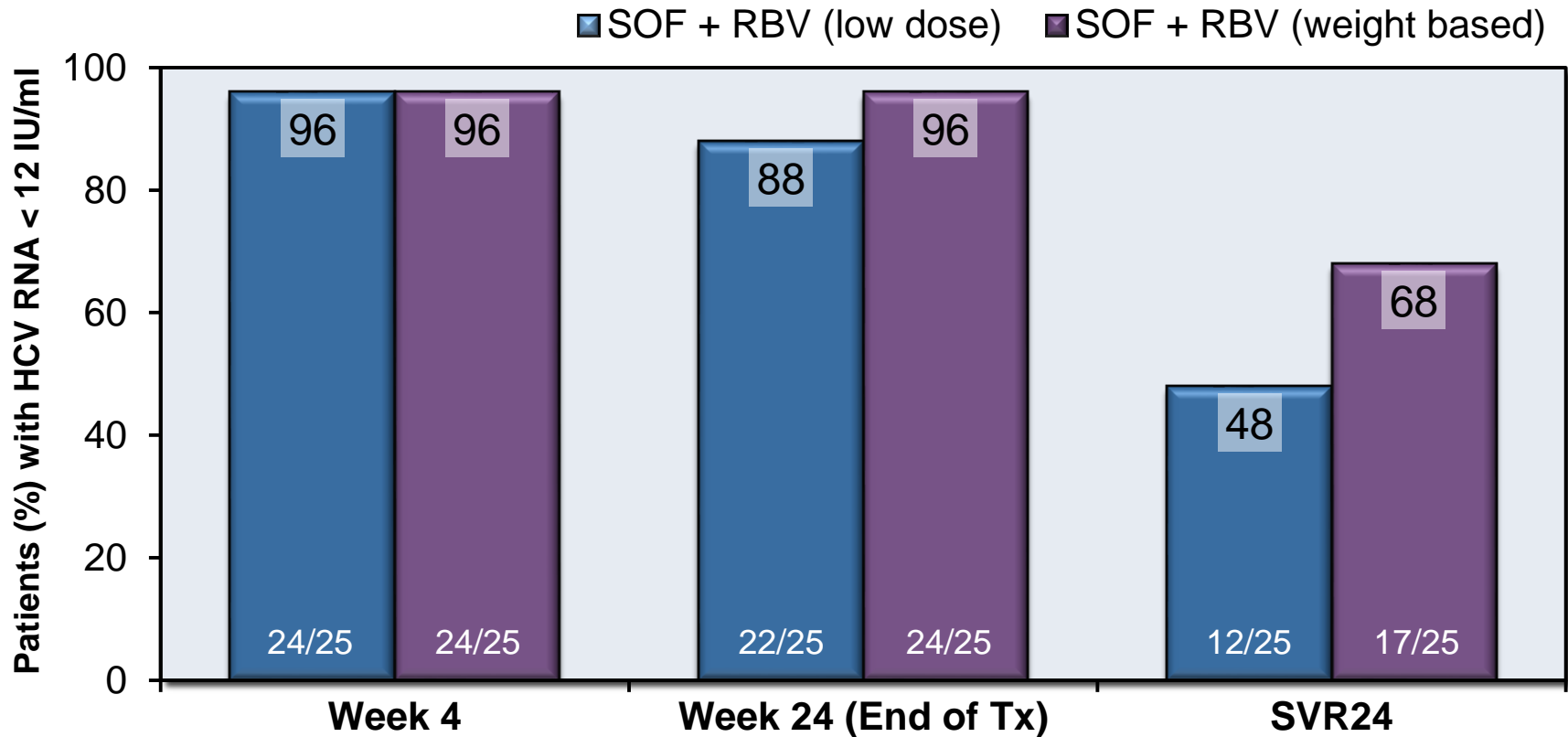


All 10 patients in Part 1 received sofosbuvir plus weight-based ribavirin

Source: Osinusi A, et al. JAMA. 2013;310:804-11.

# Sofosbuvir and Ribavirin for Treatment-Naïve HCV GT 1 NIH SPARE Trial: Part 2 Results

## NIAID/NIH Part 2: HCV RNA <12 IU/ml by Study Timepoint

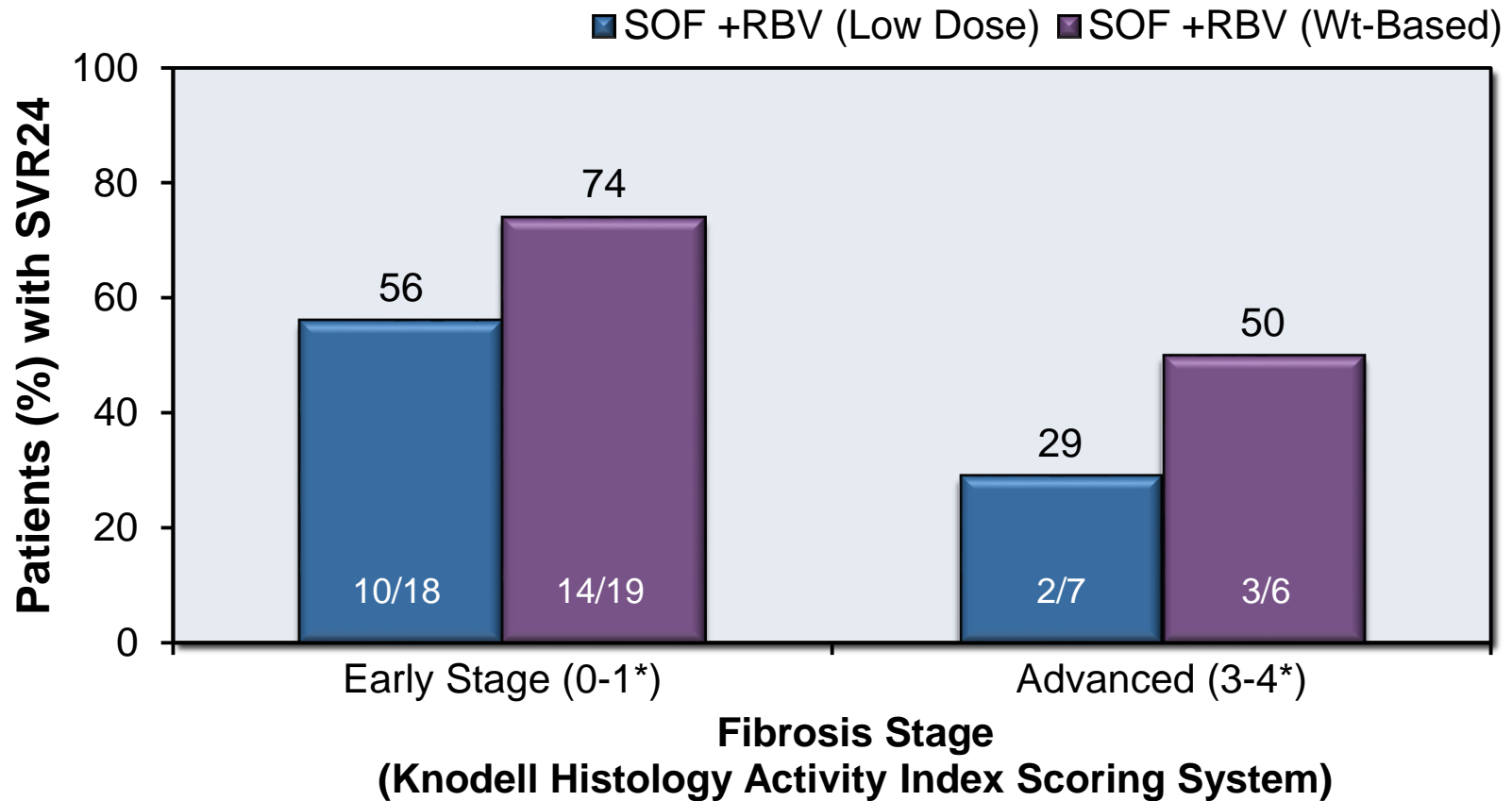


SOF = Sofosbuvir; RBV = Ribavirin

Source: Osinusi A, et al. JAMA. 2013;310:804-11.

# Sofosbuvir and Ribavirin for Treatment-Naïve HCV GT 1 NIH SPARE Trial: Part 2 Results

## NIH SPARE Part 2: SVR24 by Fibrosis Stage

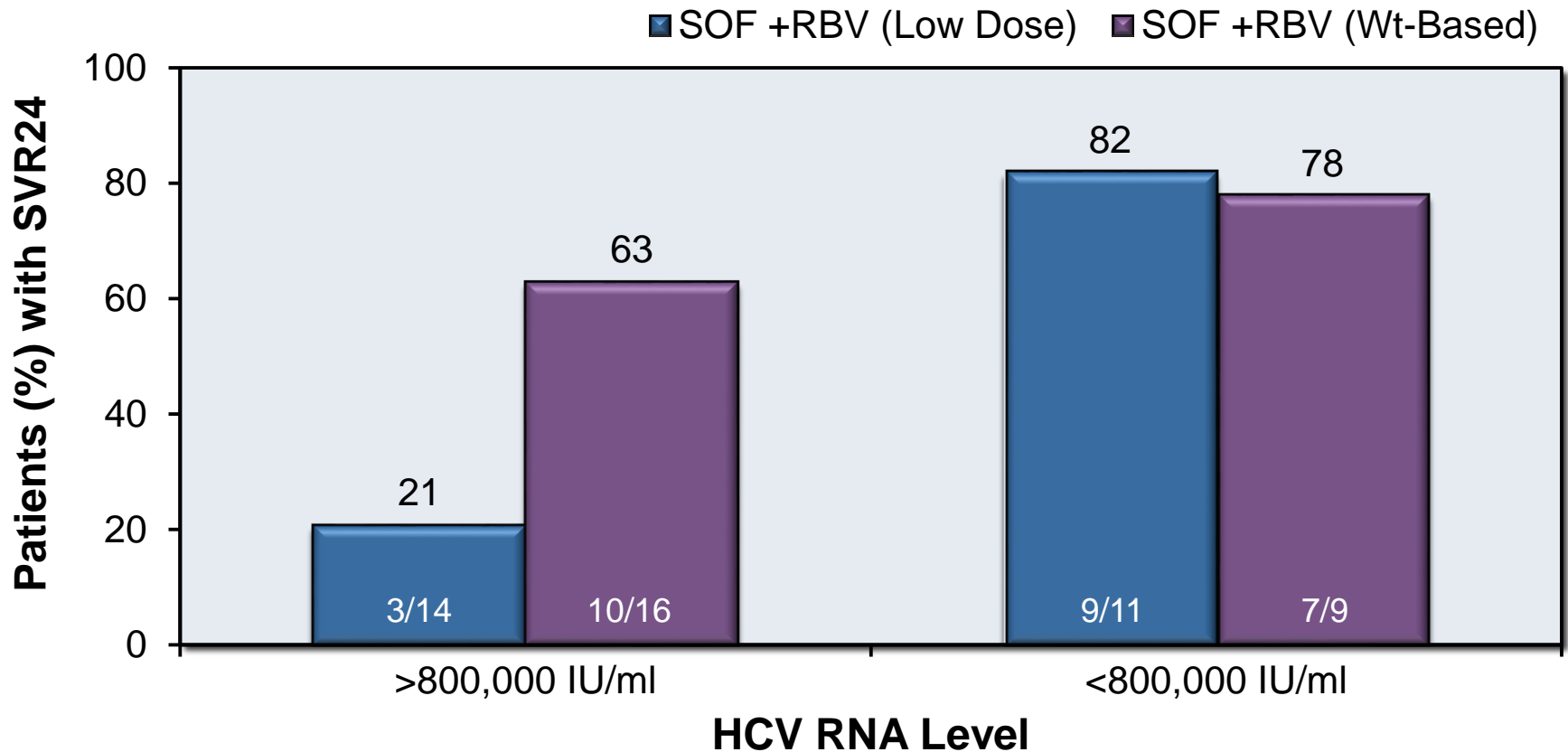


SOF = Sofosbuvir; RBV = Ribavirin

Source: Osinusi A, et al. JAMA. 2013;310:804-11.

# Sofosbuvir and Ribavirin for Treatment-Naïve HCV GT 1 NIH SPARE Trial: Part 2 Results

## NIH SPARE Part 2: SVR24 by Baseline HCV RNA Level



SOF= Sofosbuvir; RBV = Ribavirin

Source: Osinusi A, et al. JAMA. 2013;310:804-11.

# Sofosbuvir and Ribavirin for Treatment-Naïve HCV GT 1 NIH SPARE Trial: Conclusions

**Conclusion:** “In conclusion, treatment with a 24-week regimen of sofosbuvir and ribavirin resulted in an SVR rate of 68% in the weight-based ribavirin regimen and 48% in the low-dose ribavirin regimen among patients with chronic HCV and unfavorable traditional predictors of treatment response who are representative of the demographics of the US HCV epidemic.”



This slide deck is from the University of Washington's *Hepatitis C Online* and *Hepatitis Web Study* projects.

Hepatitis C Online

[www.hepatitisc.uw.edu](http://www.hepatitisc.uw.edu)

Hepatitis Web Study

<http://depts.washington.edu/hepstudy/>

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